

Computer Architecture Experiment

Jiang Xiaohong





Topics

- 0、 Basic Knowledge
- 1、 Warm up
- 2、 simple 5-stage of pipeline CPU Design
- 3、 Pipelined CPU with stall
- 4、 Pipelined CPU with forwarding
- 5、 Pipelined CPU resolving control hazard and support execution
31 MIPS Instructions



Outline

- Experiment Purpose
- Experiment Task
- Basic Principle
- Operating Procedures
- Precaution





Experiment Purpose 1

- Understand **31 MIPS instructions**.
- Extend your design to support all the 31 MIPS instructions in pipelined CPU.





Experiment Purpose 2

- Understand **why and when Control Hazards arise**
- Master the methods of resolving Control Hazards
 - Freeze or flush
 - Predict-not-taken
 - Predict-taken
 - Delayed-branch
- Implement the **predict-not-taken scheme** in your final pipelined CPU.
- Write the **verification program** yourself to test whether it can execute right **in both taken and not-taken cases and to test all the 31 instructions.**





浙江大学

ZheJiang University

Pipelined CPU supporting execution of 31 MIPS instructions

MIPS Instructions								
Bit #	31..26	25..21	20..16	15..11	10..6	5..0	Operations	
R-type	op	rs	rt	rd	sa	func		
add	000000	rs	rt	rd	00000	100000	rd = rs + rt; with overflow	PC+=4
addu		rs	rt	rd	00000	100001	rd = rs + rt; without overflow	PC+=4
sub		rs	rt	rd	00000	100010	rd = rs - rt; with overflow	PC+=4
subu		rs	rt	rd	00000	100011	rd = rs - rt; without overflow	PC+=4
and		rs	rt	rd	00000	100100	rd = rs & rt;	PC+=4
or		rs	rt	rd	00000	100101	rd = rs rt;	PC+=4
xor		rs	rt	rd	00000	100110	rd = rs ^ rt;	PC+=4
nor		rs	rt	rd	00000	100111	rd = ~(rs rt);	PC+=4
slt		rs	rt	rd	00000	101010	if(rs < rt)rd = 1; else rd = 0; <(signed)	PC+=4
sltu		rs	rt	rd	00000	101011	if(rs < rt)rd = 1; else rd = 0; <(unsigned)	PC+=4
sll		00000	rt	rd	sa	000000	rd = rt << sa;	PC+=4
srl		00000	rt	rd	sa	000010	rd = rt >> sa (logical);	PC+=4
sra		00000	rt	rd	sa	000011	rd = rt >> sa (arithmetic);	PC+=4
sllv		rs	rt	rd	00000	000100	rd = rt << rs;	PC+=4
srlv		rs	rt	rd	00000	000110	rd = rt >> rs (logical);	PC+=4
srav		rs	rt	rd	00000	000111	rd = rt >> rs(arithmetic);	PC+=4
jr	rs	00000	00000	00000	001000		PC=rs	



Pipelined CPU supporting execution of 31 MIPS instructions

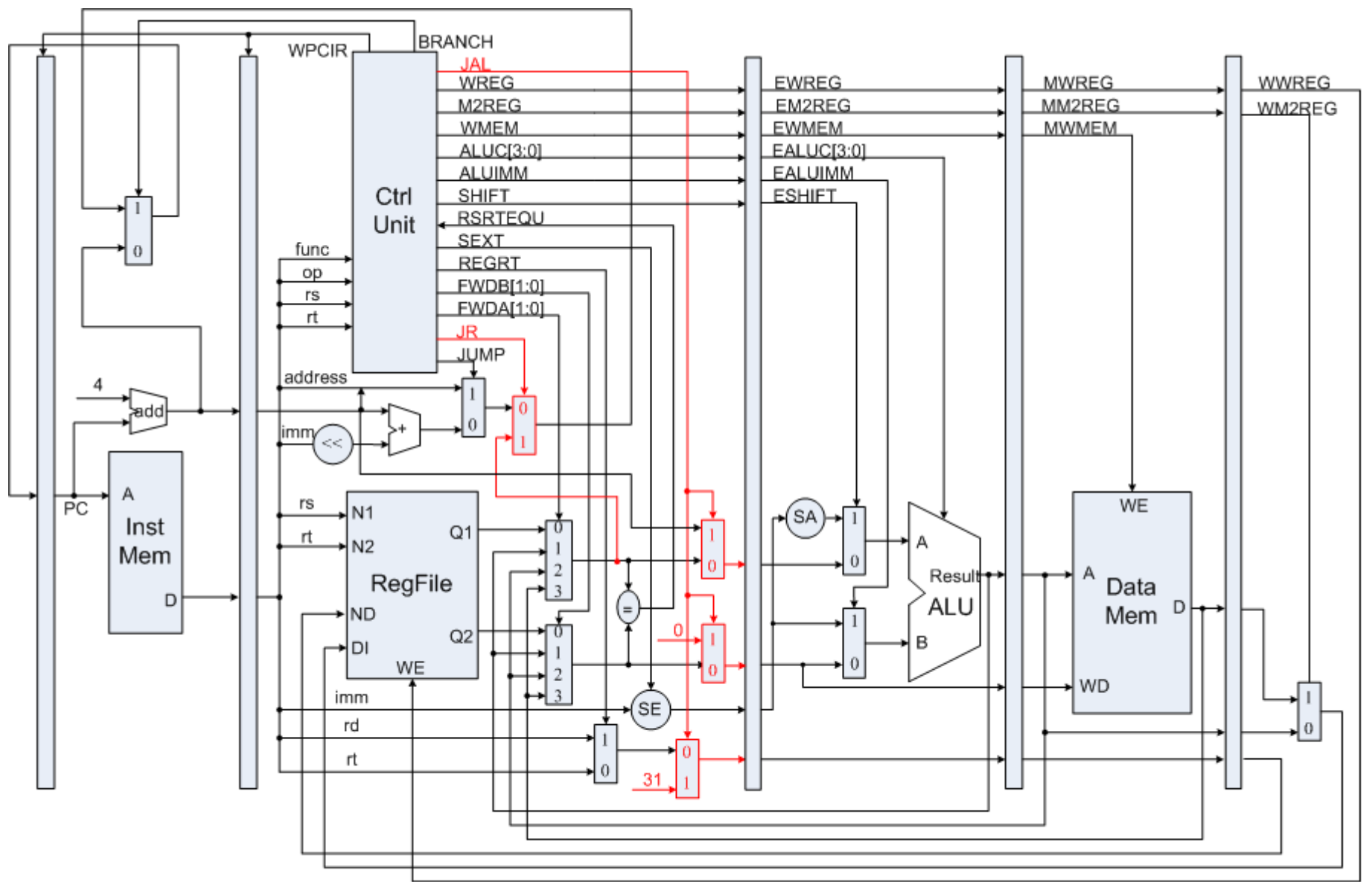


浙江大学
ZheJiang University

MIPS Instructions

Bit #	31..26	25..21	20..16	15..11	10..6	5..0	Operations
I-type	op	rs	rt	immediate			
addi	001000	rs	rt	imm			rt = rs + (sign_extend)imm; with overflow PC+=4
addiu	001001	rs	rt	imm			rt = rs + (sign_extend)imm; without overflow PC+=4
andi	001100	rs	rt	imm			rt = rs & (zero_extend)imm; PC+=4
ori	001101	rs	rt	imm			rt = rs (zero_extend)imm; PC+=4
xori	001110	rs	rt	imm			rt = rs ^ (zero_extend)imm; PC+=4
lui	001111	00000	rt	imm			rt = imm << 16; PC+=4
lw	100011	rs	rt	imm			rt = memory[rs + (sign_extend)imm]; PC+=4
sw	101011	rs	rt	imm			memory[rs + (sign_extend)imm] <-- rt; PC+=4
beq	000100	rs	rt	imm			if (rs == rt) PC+=4 + (sign_extend)imm <<2; PC+=4
bne	000101	rs	rt	imm			if (rs != rt) PC+=4 + (sign_extend)imm <<2; PC+=4
slti	001010	rs	rt	imm			if (rs < (sign_extend)imm) rt = 1 else rt = 0; less than signed PC+=4
sltiu	001011	rs	rt	imm			if (rs < (zero_extend)imm) rt = 1 else rt = 0; less than unsigned PC+=4
J-type	op	address					
j	000010	address					PC = (PC+4)[31..28],address<<2
jal	000011	address					PC = (PC+4)[31..28],address<<2 ; \$31 = PC+4





IF	ID	EXE	MEM	WB
----	----	-----	-----	----



Careful with JAL and LUI

- Need add data path for JAL and LUI
- JAL:
 - How many stall ?
 - When write R31? What write to R31 ?



Observation Info

- Input
 - West Button: Step execute
 - South Button: Reset
 - North Button + 4 Slide Button: Register Index
 - East Button: High 16-bit of Reg. Content Sel.
- Output
 - 0-7 Character of First line: Instruction Code
 - 8 of First line : Space
 - 9-10 of First line : Clock Count
 - 11 of First line : Space
 - 12-15 of First line : Register Content
 - Second line : “stage name”/ number / type: stage name: 1-”f”, 2-”d”, 3-”e”, 4-”m”, 5-”w”(high bits is ignored)



Precautions

- 1、 According to datapath to modify the modules of top module, then modify the definitions of the modules, then modify the CPU Controller.
- 2、 The signals which transfer from former stage to later stage should be stored to stage registers temporally.
- 3、 Design the program for verification by yourself, includes:
 - Stall
 - Forwarding
 - All kinds of instructions





Signed and unsigned type

- Reg and wire are unsigned type
- Signed type:
 - reg signed
 - wire signed
- Type conversion
 - \$signed()
 - \$unsigned()



Submission

- Lab report 5 named as **StID_name_Lab5.doc** (or pdf)
- All your verilog code, coe file, testing file, etc., in your project directory compacted as **StID_name_prj.rar** (from Lab 6)
-



- Thanks!

